

D6T Product training

Features

Measure the surface temperature of the material by detecting intensity of the infrared radiation.

Best fit for human detection and non-contact temperature measurement.

Technology

Incorporate state-of-the-art MEMS thermopile, custom designed sensor ASIC and signal processing micro processor and algorithm into tiny package.

● Small	14.0x18.0mm , 12.0x11.6mm
● Digital temperature output	I2C
● High sensitivity and Low Noise	*NETD=0.14°C

*NETD: Noise Equivalent Temperature Difference

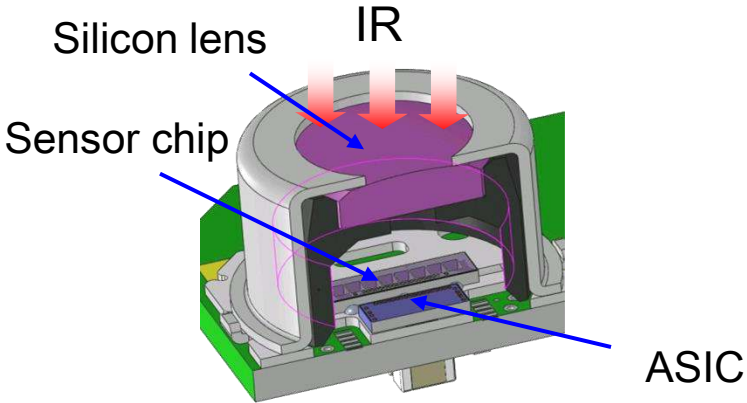


Type : D6T-44L / D6T-8L



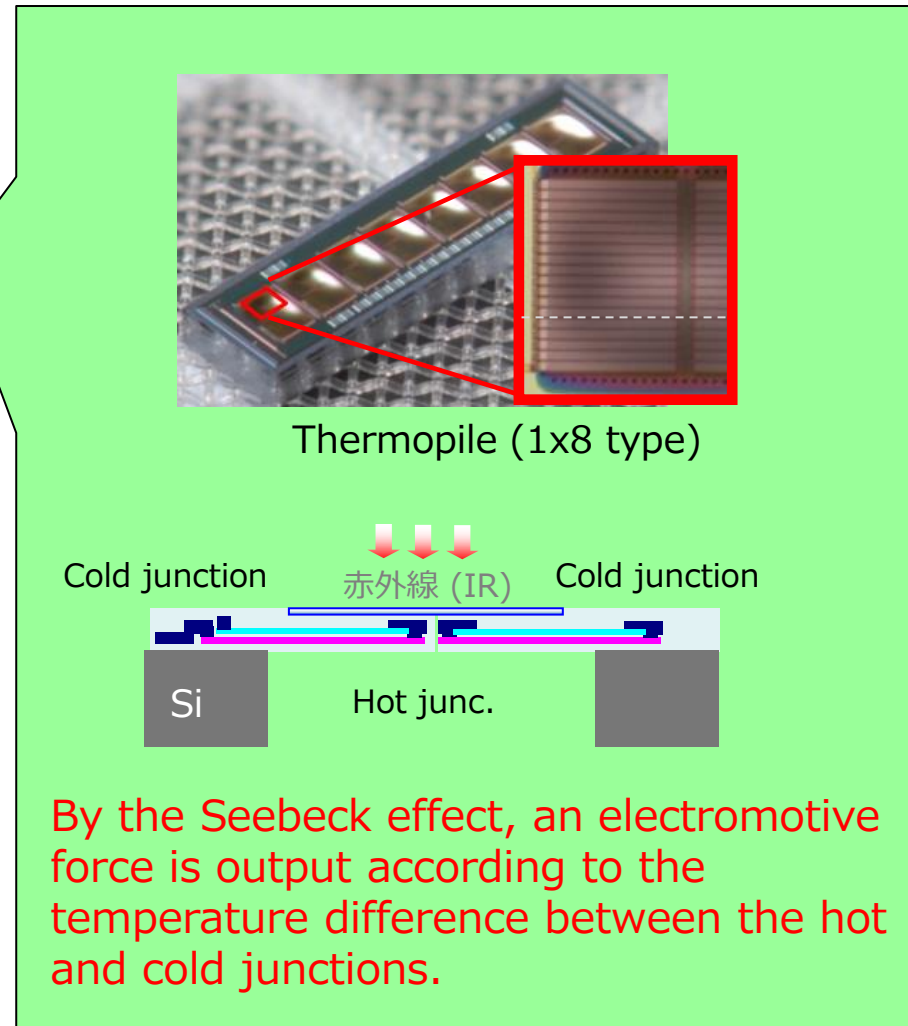
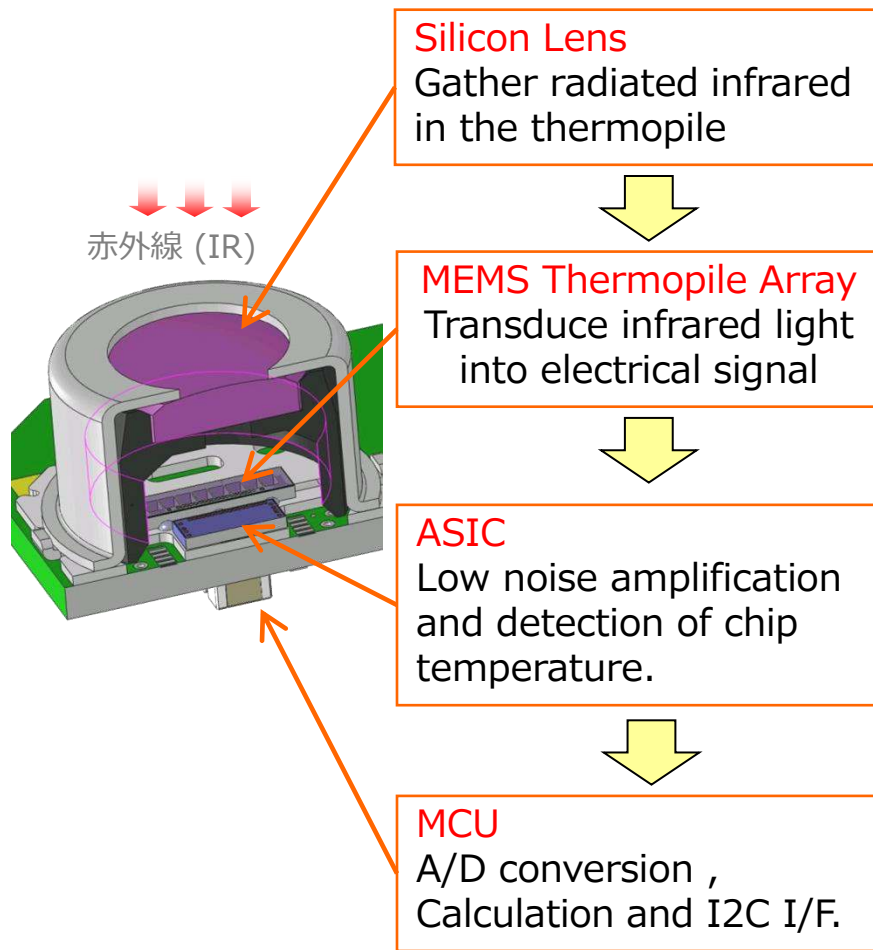
Type : D6T-1A (1x1)

Product appearance



Cross-section image


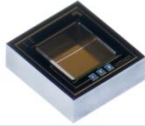
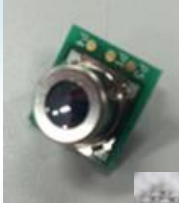
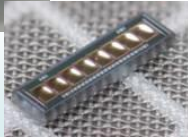

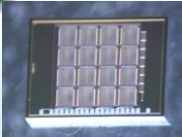
Structure of D6T



Object temperature is output in digital.

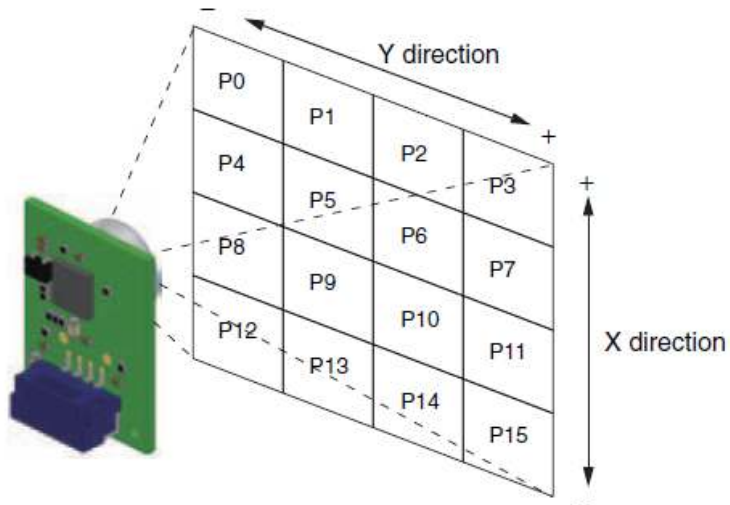
Lineup and main specifications



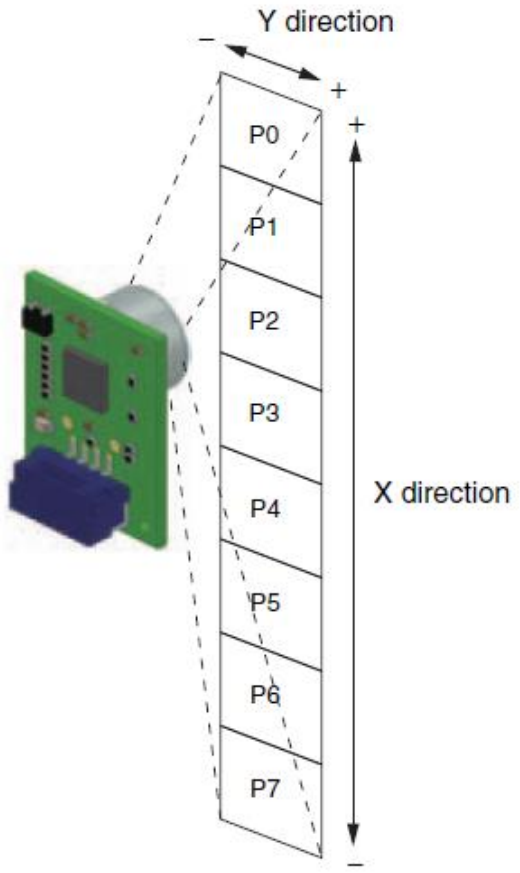
Model	1x1 : D6T-1A-02	1x1 : D6T-1A-01	1x8 : D6T-8L-09	4x4 : D6T-44L-06
Element type	1x1		1x8	4x4
Outline	L:12.0mm x W:11.6mm x H:9.2mm		L:12.0mm x W:11.6mm x H:10.7mm	L:18.0mm x W:14.0 mm x H:8.8mm
Appearance	 		 	 
Object temperature detection range	-40°C ~ +80°C	+5°C ~ +50°C	+5°C ~ +50°C	+5°C ~ +50°C
Operating temperature range	-40°C ~ +80°C	0°C ~ +60°C	0°C ~ +60°C	0 ~ +50°C
View angle X = X direction Y = Y direction	X = 26.5° Y = 26.5°	X = 58.0° Y = 58.0°	X = 54.5° Y = 5.5°	X=44.2° Y=45.7°
Power supply voltage	DC5.0V ±0.5V			
Communication form	Digital (I2C)			

Detection area for each pixel

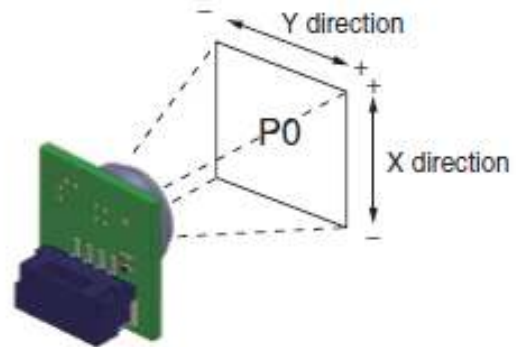
Image of field of view



4x4 Type



1x8 Type



1x1 Type

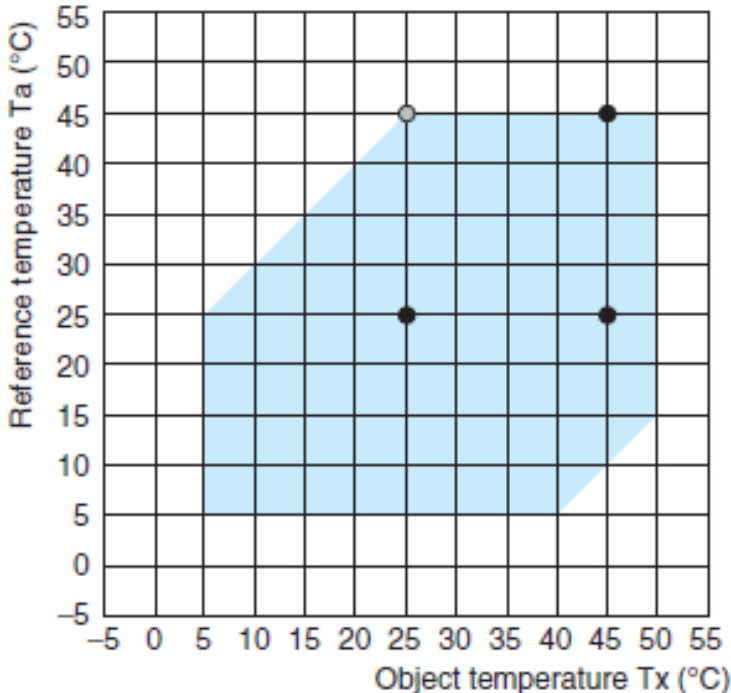
Object temperature output accuracy



<p>● Accuracy 1</p>	<p>±1.5 °C max. (1) Tx = 25° C, Ta = 25° C (2) Tx = 45° C, Ta = 25° C (3) Tx = 45° C, Ta = 45° C</p>	<p>Adjustment point</p>
<p>○ Accuracy 2</p>	<p>±3.0 °C max. (4) Tx = 25° C, Ta = 45° C</p>	<p>Inspection point</p>

Object Temperature Detection Range

D6T-44L-06, D6T-8L-06, D6T-8L-09, D6T-1A-01



Tx : Object temperature
 Ta : Ambient temperature

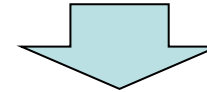
Adjustment method

For mass production equipment



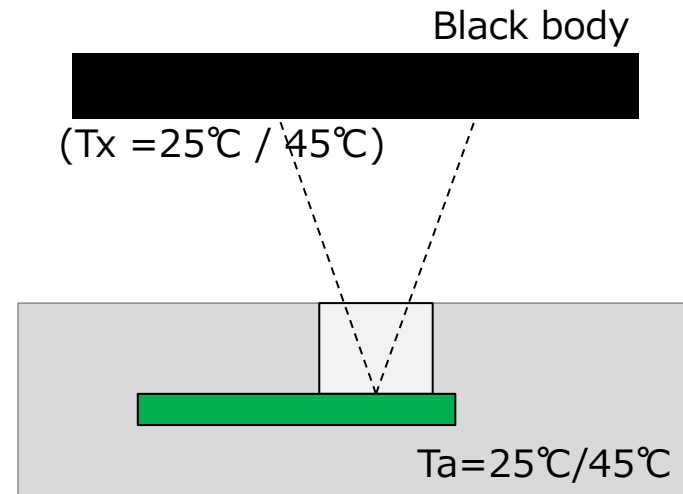
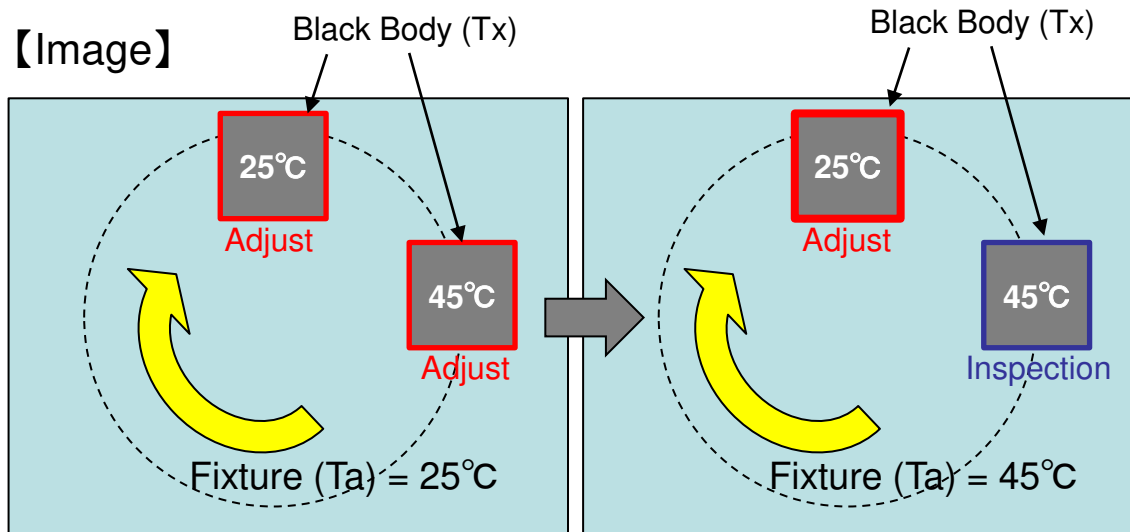
Based on the adjustment data, write the sensor temperature correction value.

Accuracy of the sensor is dependent on the adjustment.



If temperature accuracy of T_a and T_x can improve, accuracy of the sensor is improved.

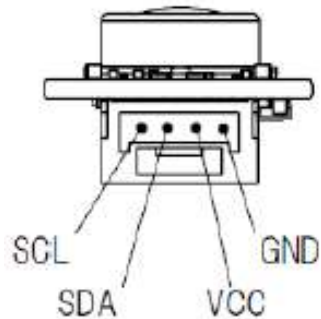
【Image】



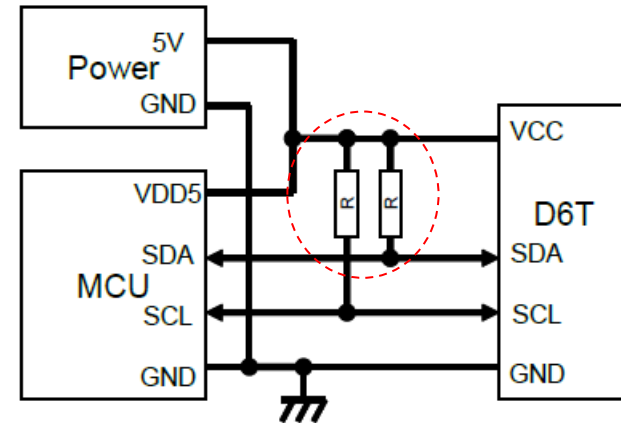
I2C port setting

Connector pin

1	GND	Ground
2	VCC	Power source (5V +/-10%)
3	SDA	I2C(5V) Data line
4	SCL	I2C(5V) Clock line



Use the specified connector (GHR-04 from JST) .



Connect the open-drain SDA / SCL terminal to a pull-up resistor. (Most case : About 3k to 10k Ω)

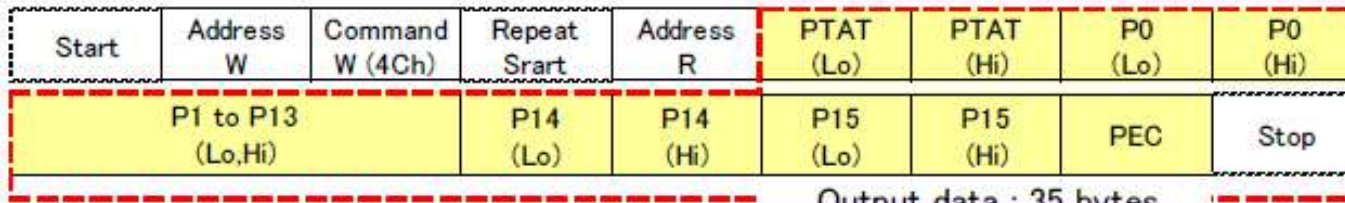
I2C port parameters

Device Address	7bit : 0001_010b 8bit (with R/W bit) Read : 15h , Write : 14h
Data bit width	8bit (MSB-first)
Clock Frequency	max 100kHz

Slave address can not be changed.

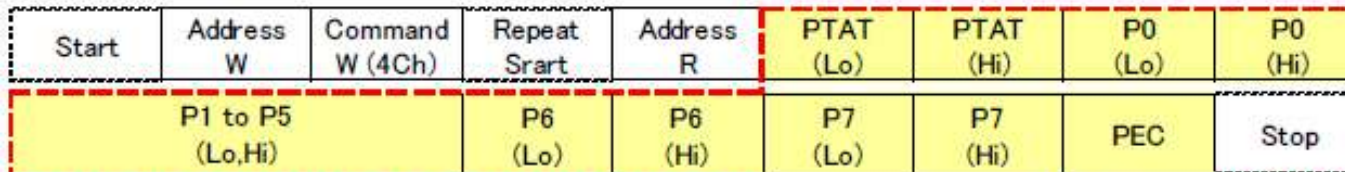
If the customer is connecting multiple sensors, use the I2C bus switch IC.

I2C port data chart



Output data : 35 bytes

(a) 16ch (D6T-44L-06)



Output data : 19 bytes

(b) 8ch (D6T-8L-06)



Output data : 5 bytes

(c) 1ch (D6T-1A-01/D6T-1A-02)

PTAT : The value of the reference temperature, inside the sensor module.
 Pn : Measured value. (Object temperature)
 PEC : Pocket error check

※ For other each term, please see the I2C specification.

Non-contact temperature sensing

Refrigerator	Cooling the warm foods rapidly for keeping the fresh foods.
Air-Conditioner	Temperature control for floor temperature .
Machine	Detecting the Abnormal heat. (over heat)

Human detection

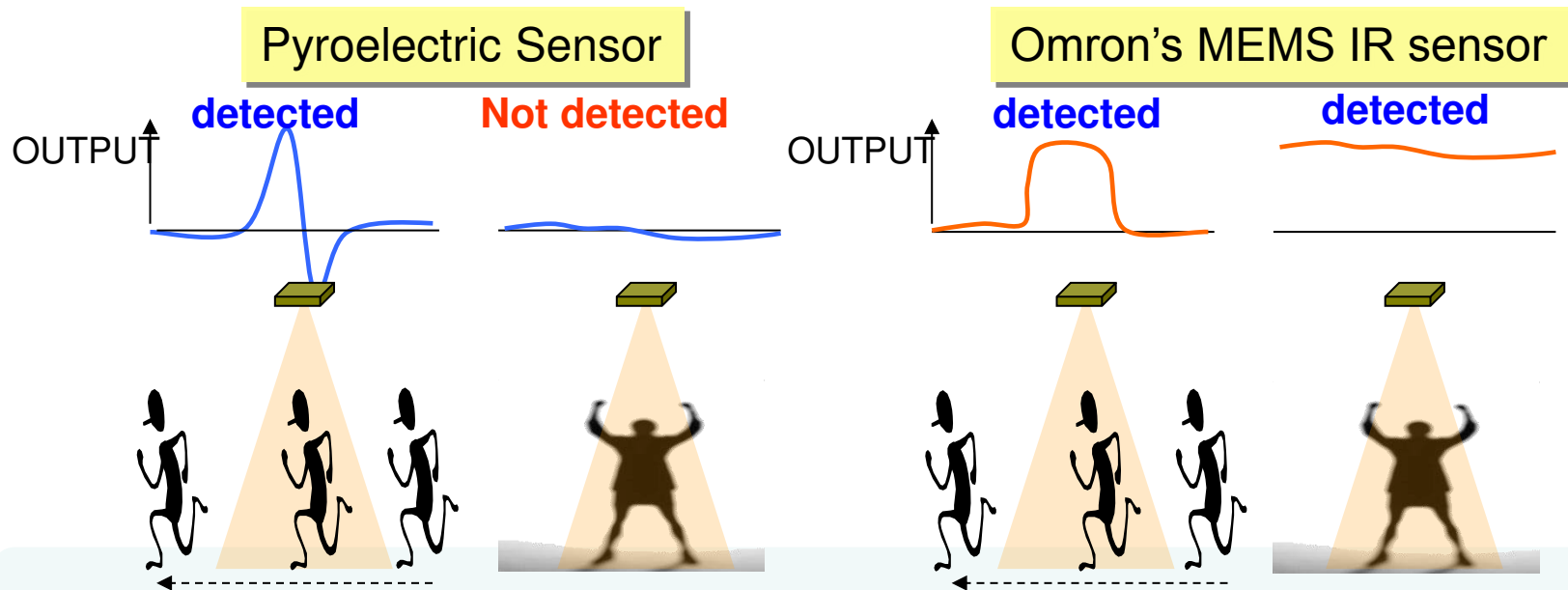
BEMS (PAC, Lighting)	Detecting the human body for saving energy and comfortable.
TV/PC	Detecting the human body for Screen Saving.
Security	Detecting the human body at dark area.

Motion control • • • It can operate with dirty hands.

Kitchen	Water/Fan level control.
Home Appliance	Non-contact display operation. (Refrigerator, microwave oven)

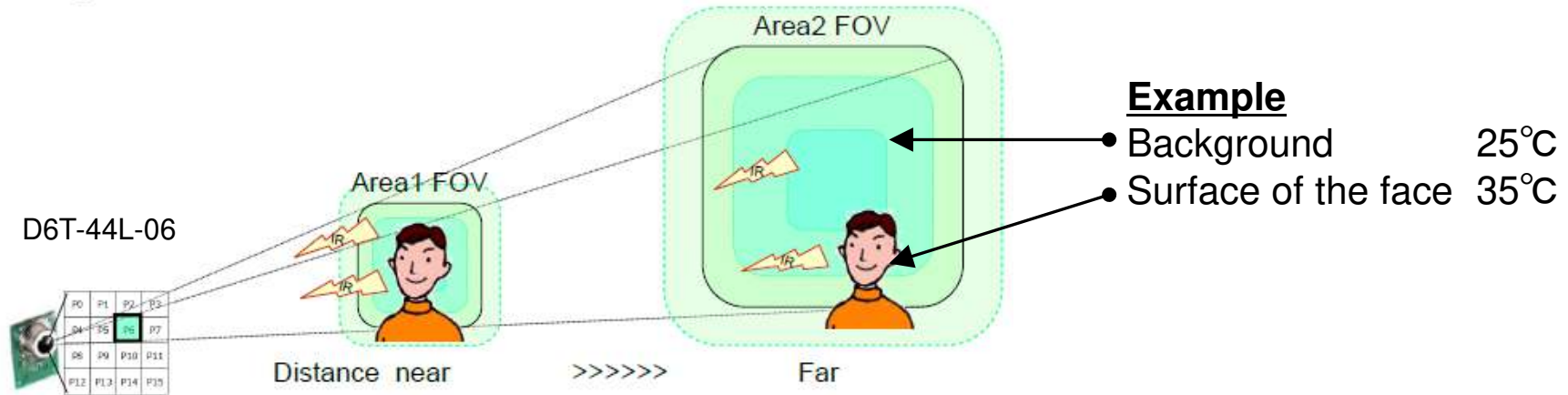
Advantage of Omron MEMS IR Sensor

D6T can also be used for detecting the presence of human beings. Omron's non-contact temperature sensor can solve the shortcomings of a conventional pyroelectric sensor, which cannot catch the signal of a stationary person because the sensor detects the change of signal.

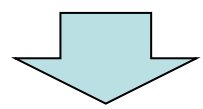


Changing factor of measurement by distance

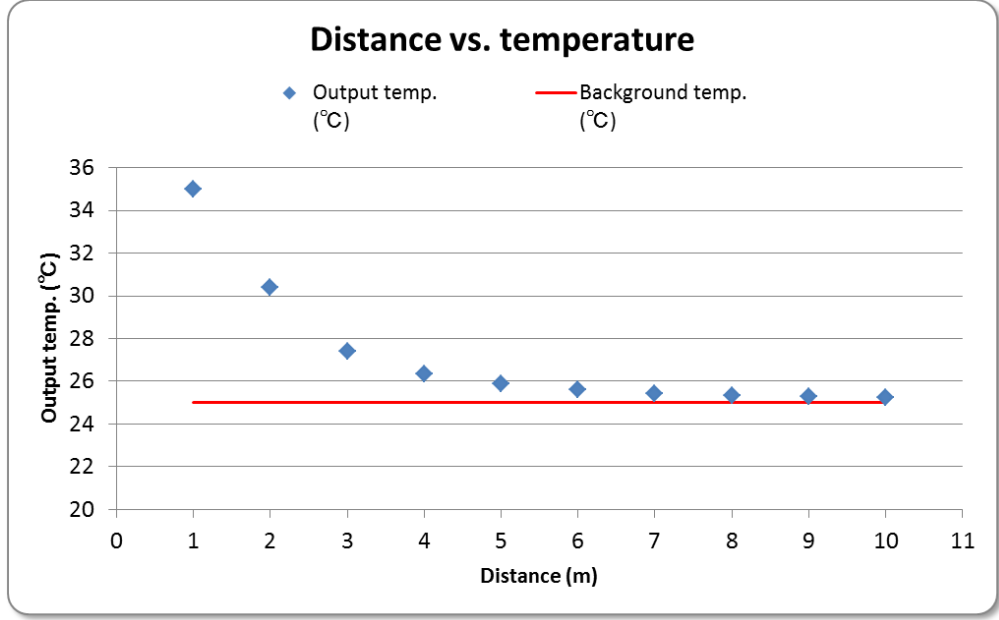
When the distance is far, the ratio of the object is small.



For the human detection applications, the detection distance is dependent on the **distance** and the **background temperature**.

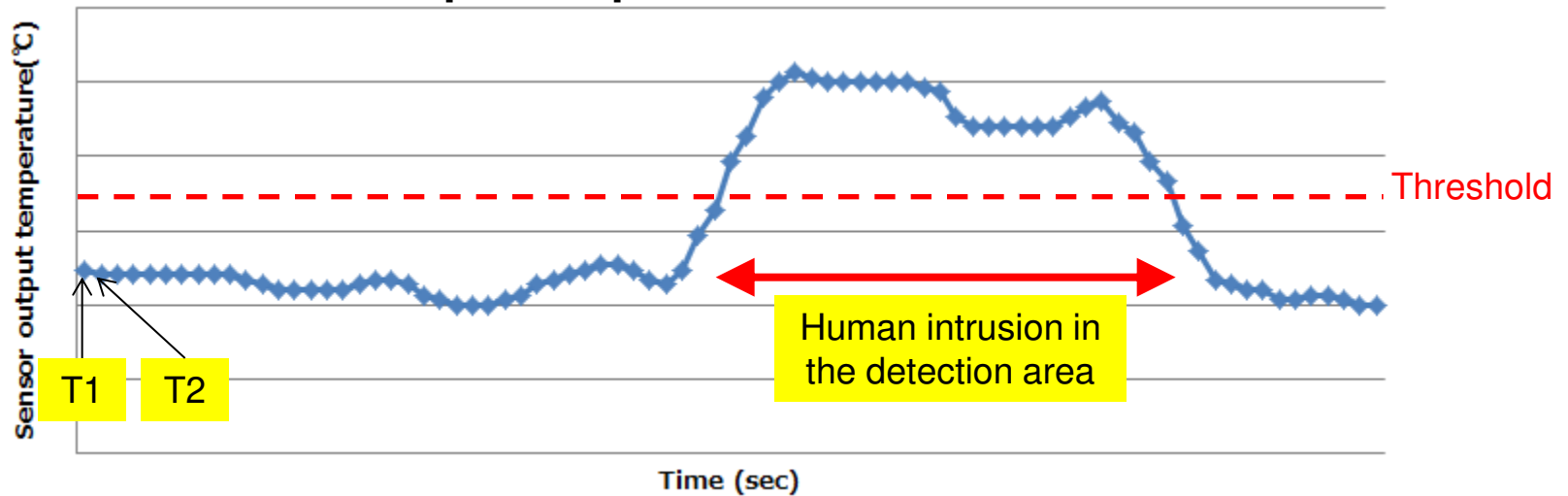


When the background temperature is high, the human detection is very difficult.

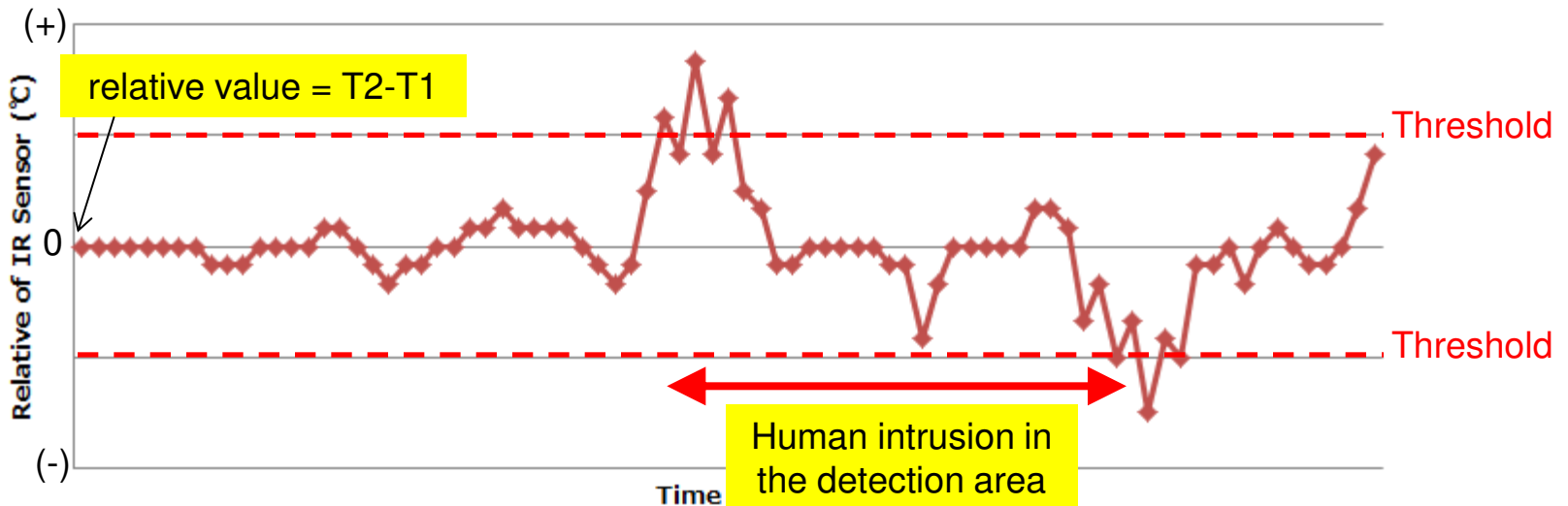


Sensor output

1) Threshold of the sensor output temperature.

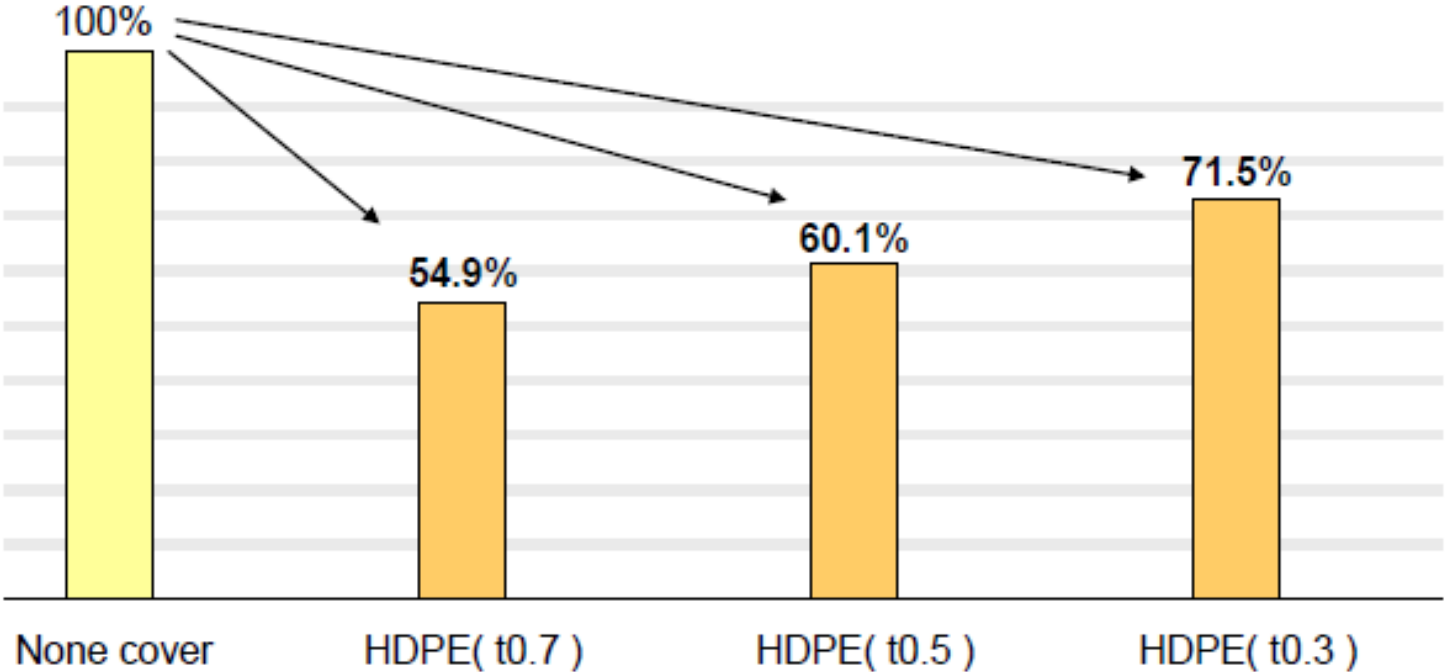


2) Judgment of the relative temperature difference.



If you opt to put a cover over the sensor, High-density polyethylene (HDPE, grade far infrared transmission) is a good cover material option.

If the cover is thick, the transmittance decreases. (as shown in the pictured below)



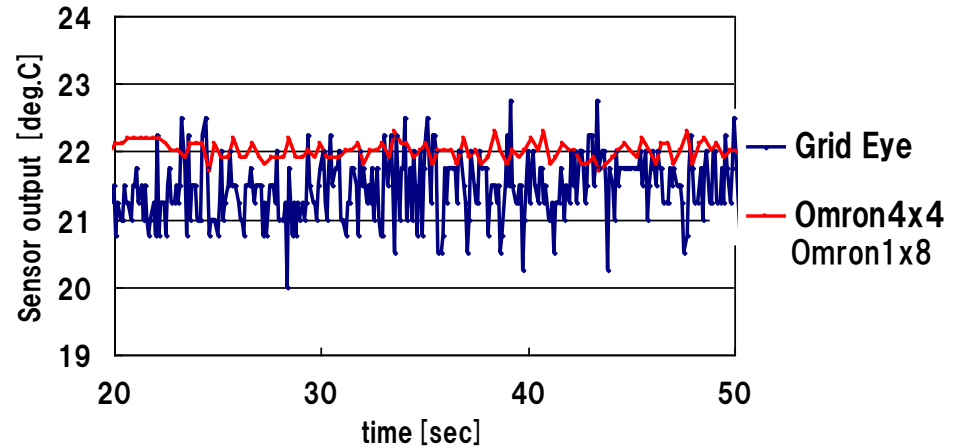
HDPE thickness vs. Transmittance (reference)

Comparison with Grid-Eye

	Omron(4x4)	Omron(1x8)	Grid-Eye(8x8)
Size	18.0 × 14.0 × 8.0mm		11.6 × 8.0 × 4.3mm
Number of pixel	16(4x4)	8(1x8)	64(8x8)
Viewing angle	44deg..	3deg x 32deg.	60deg..
Interface	I2C(Standerdl mode -100kHz)		I2C(Fast mode -400kHz)
Output mode	Temperature data		Temperature data
Detection Temperature range	0 to 50deg.C		-20 to 100deg.C
Temperature output resolution	0.1deg.C		0.25deg.C
Frame rate	4Hz		10Hz
External interface	I2C		I2C

Comparison of detectable distance

Comparison of sensor output

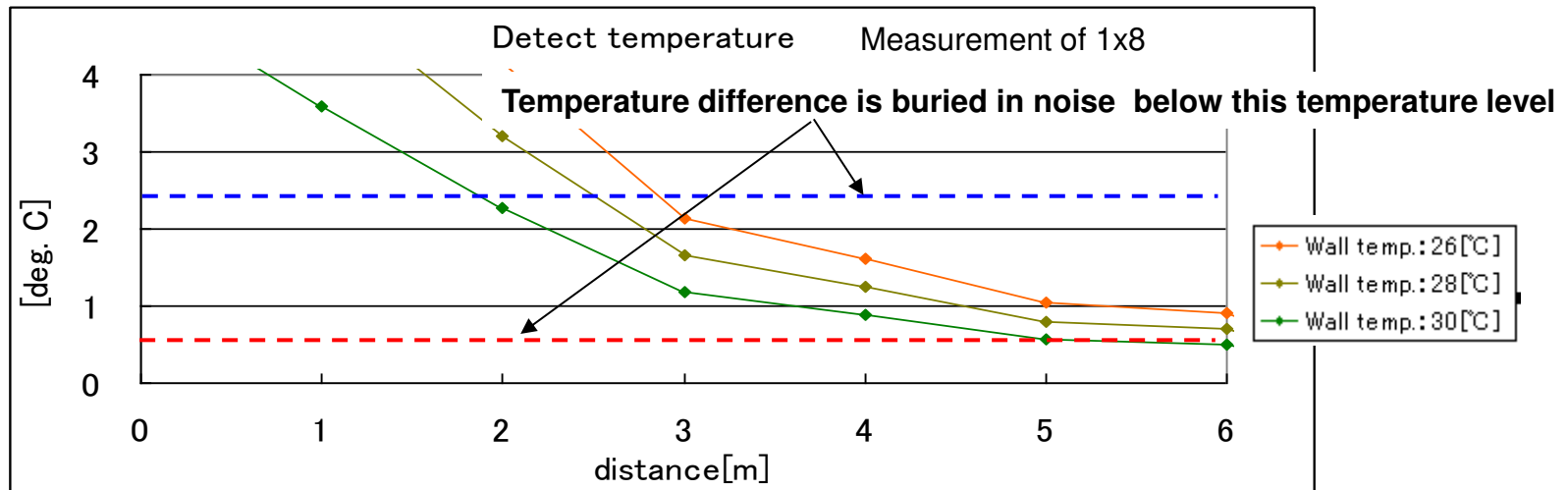


NETD (noise equivalent temperature difference)

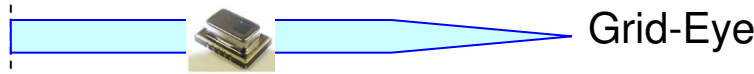
Omron	Grid-eye
0.3deg.C	1.2deg.C

※NETD is the Minimum temperature difference which is not buried in the noise of the sensor.

Actually it is possible to detect the person in the case that temperature difference of whether or not person is more than double NETD. The diagram below indicates **temperature difference of whether or not person in a view area** and **detectable distance**.



Detectable distance





Beyond the Semiconductor

A decorative graphic consisting of several overlapping, semi-transparent shapes in shades of green, yellow, and orange, arranged in a curved path from the top left towards the bottom right. The shapes include squares, circles, and rounded rectangles.